



#### شناسنامه جزوه

نام جزوه : زبان فنی

نام گردآورنده: گروه ماشین ابزار آموزشکده فنی شهید بهشتی کرج

بر اساس: سر فصل درسی دوره کاردانی ماشین ابزار (۱۳۷۴)

#### هدف

در دوره کاردانی گروه مکانیک رشته ساخت و تولید گرایش ماشین ابزار، درسی به نام زبان فنی وجود دارد که ۲ واحد تئوری است و مدت زمان آن ۲ ساعت در هفته می باشد. هدف از گنجاندن این درس در دوره کاردانی ماشین ابزار در سرفصل درسها به قرار زیر بیان شده است:

فراگیر پس از پایان این درس، ضمن یادگیری ۵۰۰ لغت فنی و اصطلاحات و علائم مربوط به تخصص خود بتواند متون فنی را ترجمه نماید.

برابر با سرفصل پس از پایان این درس از فراگیر انتظار می رود که:

۱)کلمه ها و اصطلاحات فنی در مورد ساخت و تولید قطعه های صنعتی را بیان نماید.

۲)کتاب کار مربوط به دستگاه ها را ترجمه نماید.

۳)متنهای مربوط به روشهای تولید را ترجمه نماید.

۴)متنهای مربوط به نقشه کشی صنعتی را ترجمه نماید.

۵)متنهای مربوط به قالب سازی را ترجمه نماید.

۶)کنترل کیفیت مواد تولید شده را به زبان خارجی توضیح دهد.

۷)نشانه ها و اصطلاحات مربوط به رایانه را به زبان خارجی بیان کند.



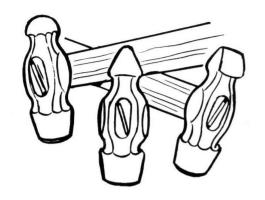
# ساعتهای تدریس و مقدار نمره هر بخش، برابر با سرفصل

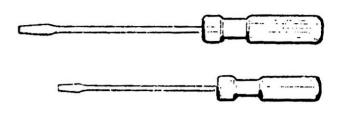
عملي	نظري	ريز مطالب	سرفصل	نمره	جلسه
-	۴	بررسی کلمه ها و اصطلاحات مربوط به ساخت و تولید قطعه های صنعتی	کلمه ها و اصطلاحات فنی در مورد ساخت و تولید قطعه های صنعتی را بیان نماید.	۲/۵	1
-	۴	بررسی چند کتاب کار در ارتباط با رشته	کتاب کار مربوط به دستگاهها را ترجمه نماید.	۲/۵	۳ ۴
-	۶	بررسی متنهای مربوط به روشهای تولید	متنهای مربوط به روشهای تولید را ترجمه نماید.	٣/۵	۵ ۶ ۷
-	۶	بررسی متنهای مربوط به نقشه کشی صنعتی	متنهای مربوط به نقشه کشی صنعتی را ترجمه نماید.	٣/۵	۸ ۹ ۱۰
-	۶	بررسی متنهای مربوط به قالب سازی	متنهای مربوط به قالب سازی را ترجمه نماید.	٣/۵	11 17 18
-	۶	بررسی متنهای مربوط به کنترل کیفیت	کنترل کیفیت مواد تولید شده را به زبان خارجی توضیح دهد.	٣/۵	14 15
-	۲	استفاده از رایانه در صنایع	نشانه ها و اصطلاحات مربوط به رایانه را به زبان خارجی بیان کند.	١	١٧
-	74	جمع		۲٠	17

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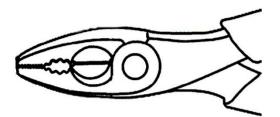
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پیوست ۴ -پارسی بنویسیم و پارسی بگوییم
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## Vocabulary 1 1.General Tools

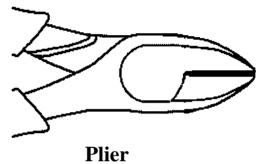




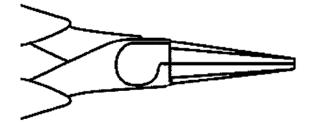
Hammer



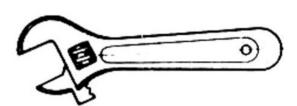
**Screw driver** 



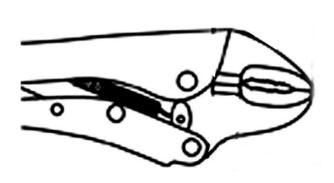
**Pliers** 



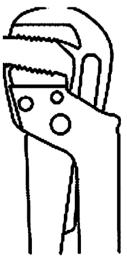
Ph



**Nose pliers** 



Adjustable wrench



Lock grip pliers

Pipe wrench

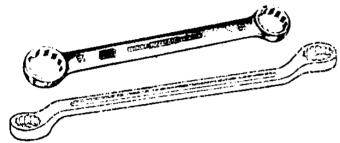




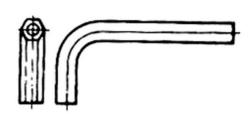


Open-end wrench (double head)

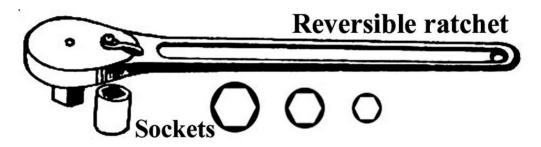
Open-end wrench (single head)







Allen wrench



**Socket sets** 

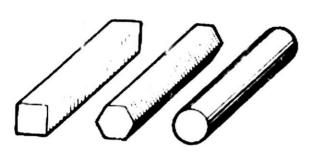


**Hook spanner** 

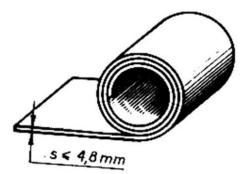


Pin-face wrench

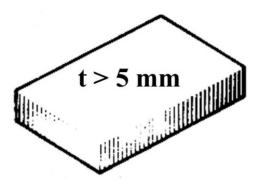
## 2.Stock



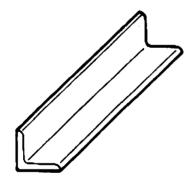




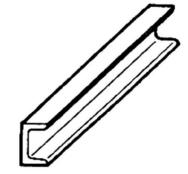
Sheet



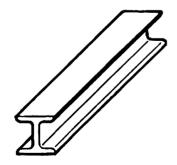
Slab



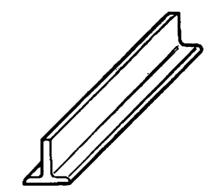
Angle iron



Channel



I-beam girder



Tee beam

## 3.Metrology







**Outside Calipers** 

**Inside Calipers** 

**Vernier Calipers** 







**Vernier Height Gauge** 

**Outside Micrometer** 

**Inside Micrometer** 



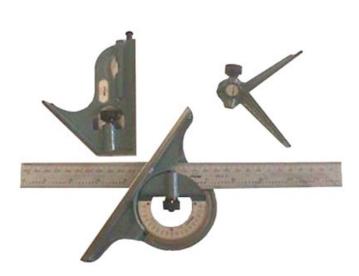




**Depth Micrometer** 

**Engineer's Protractor** 

**Vernier Protractor** 







**Dial Indicator** 

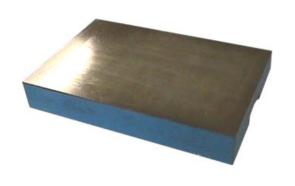




**Spring Dividers** 



**Engineering Square** 



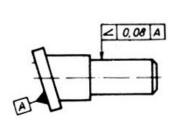
**Surface Plate** 



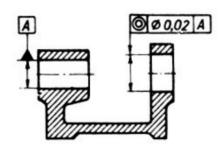
**Angle Plate** 



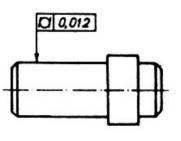
**Vee Block** 



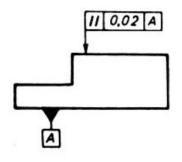
**Angularity tolerance** 

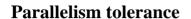


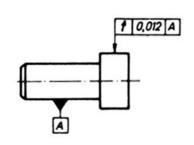
**Coaxiality tolerance** 



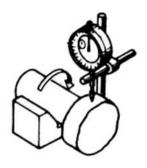
Cylindricity



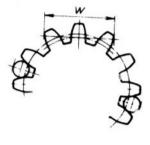


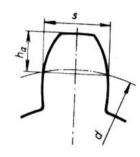


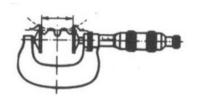
Radial run out tolerance



Radial run out



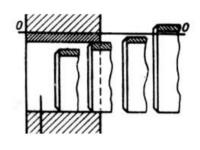


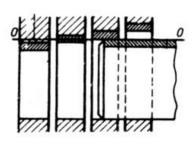


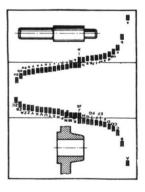
Base tangent length

Chordal thickness of teeth

Micrometer for span measurement

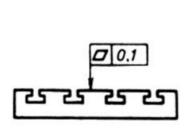






**Basic-hole system** 

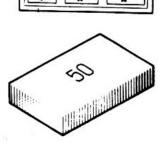
Basic-shaft system ISO system of limits and tolerances



**Flatness tolerance** 

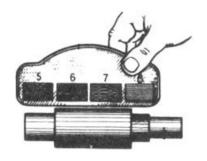


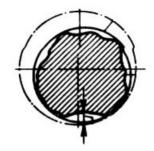
Feeler gauge

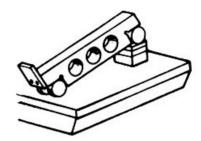


Gauge block





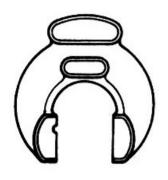


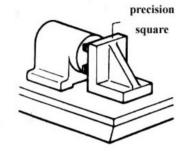


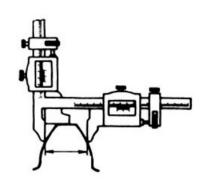
Roughness comparison specimen

Roundness

Sine bar





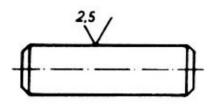


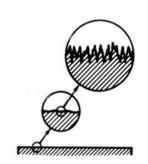
Snap gauge

precision square

Vernier gear-tooth caliper



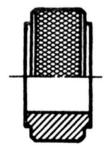




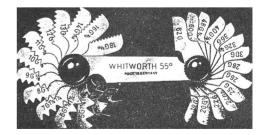
Thread plug gauge

**Surface roughness symbol** 

**Surface irregularities** 







Ring gauge

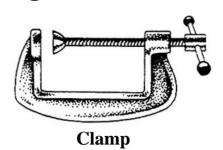
**Measuring tape** 

Screw pitch gauge

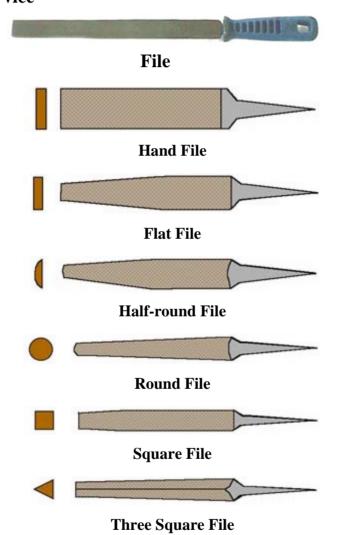


# 4.Bench working & other tools





**Bench vice** 

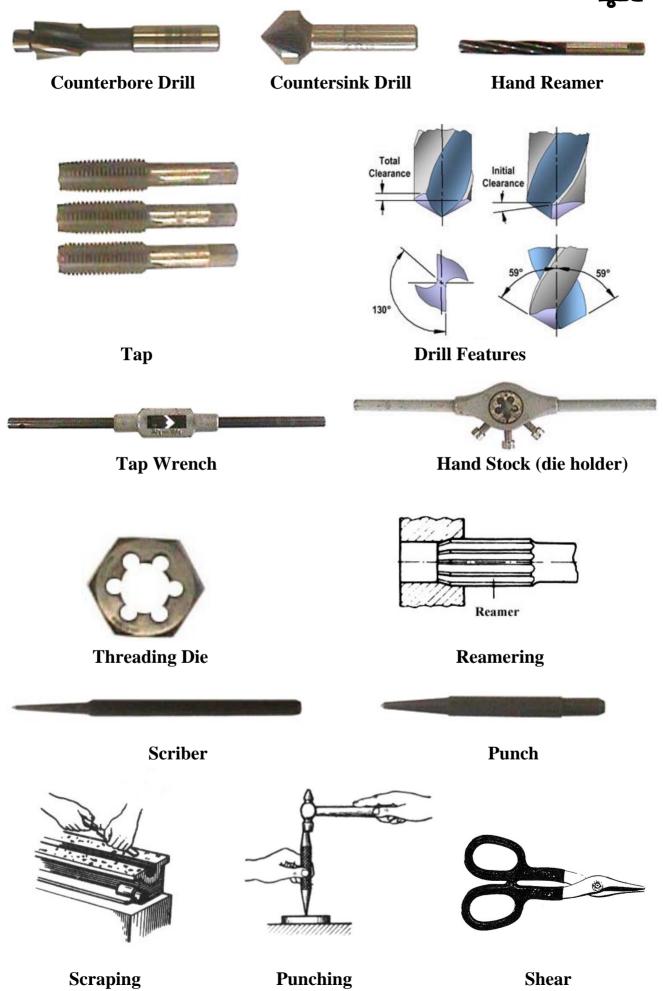


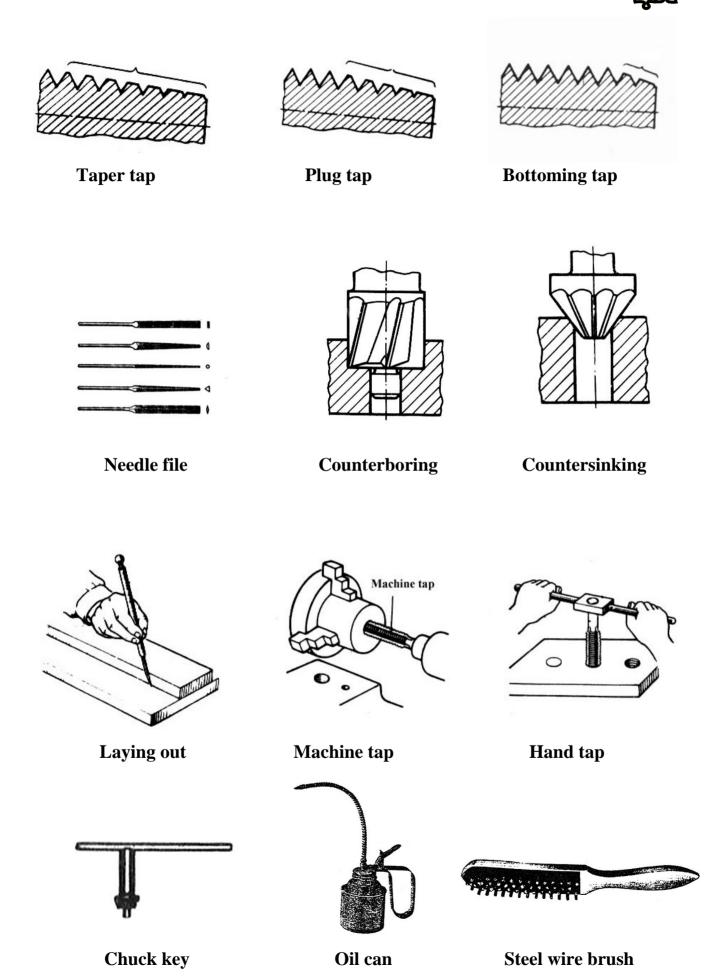




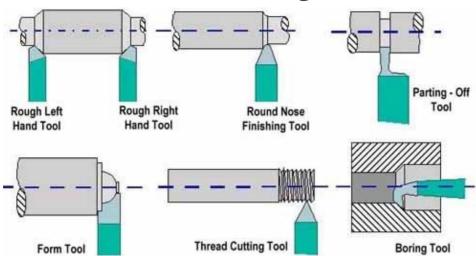
Hacksaw

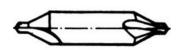
**Hacksaw Blade** 

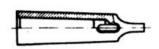




## 5. Turning



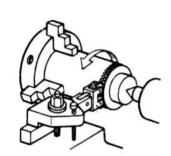








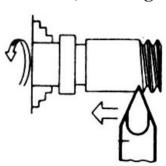
**Center drill** 



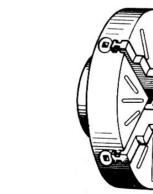
knurling

Adapter sleeve

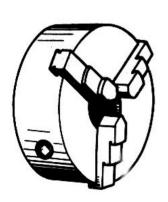
**Back rake (in cutting tool)** 



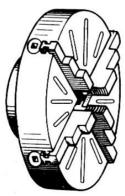
**Boring** 



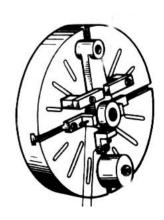
**Thread cutting** 



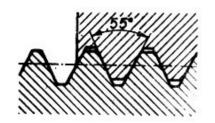
Three-jaw chuck

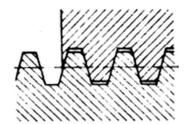


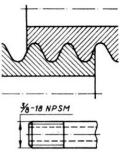
Four-jaw chuck



Face plate



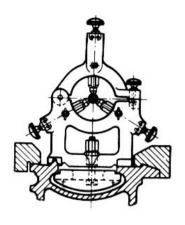


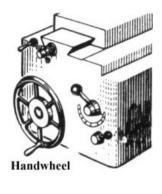


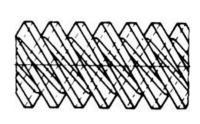
Whitworth thread

Acme thread

Pipe thread



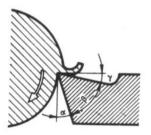


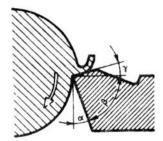


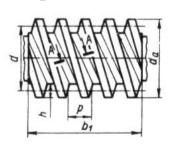
**Steady rest** 

Hand wheel

**Multiple-start thread** 



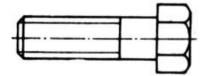


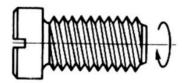


Positive rake

**Negative rake** 

Cylindrical worm





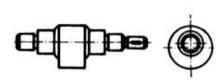




Hexagonal head screw

**Right-hand thread** 

Lobing



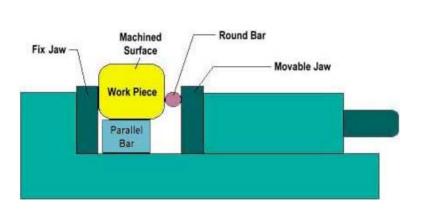


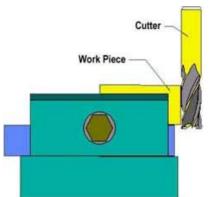
Sliding guideway

**Eccentric shaft** 

Sliding guide way

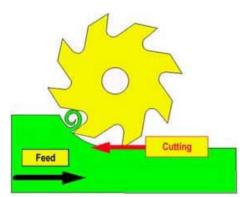
## 6.Milling



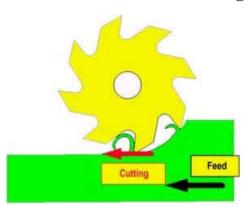


Holding Method by Using a Machine vice

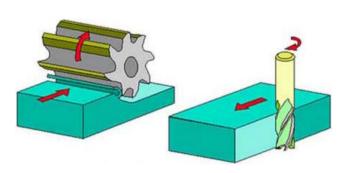
**End Surface Milling** 



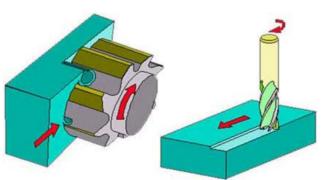
**Up Cut Milling** 



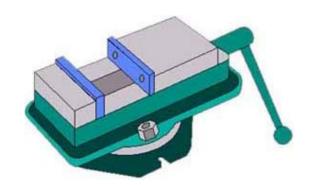
Down (Climb) Cut Milling



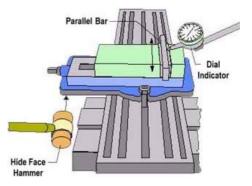
**Plain Milling** 



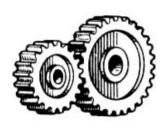
**End Milling** 



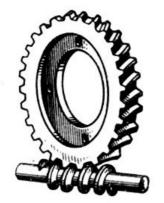
**Machine vice** 



**Machine vice Set-up** 



**External gearing** 



Worm gearing



Worm



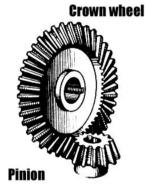
Helical gearing



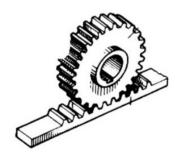
Hypoid gearing



Herringbone gear



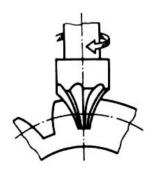
Bevel gear



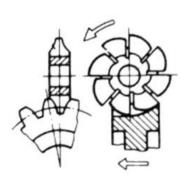
Rack and pinion



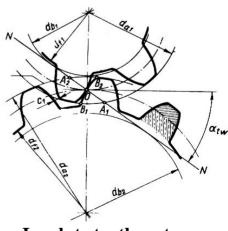
Cam



**Involute end mill** 

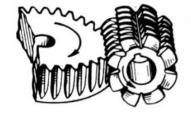


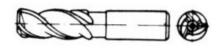
Involute slide milling cutter

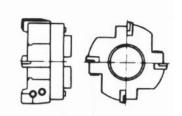


Involute tooth system









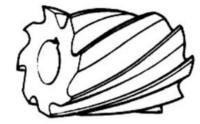
Gear hob

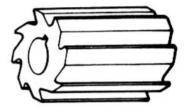
Gear hob

**End mill** 

Face milling cutter



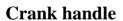


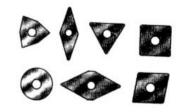


Right-hand milling cutter Left-hand milling cutter

Plain milling cutter



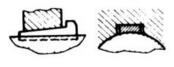




**Insert** 



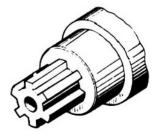
Dovetail guide way



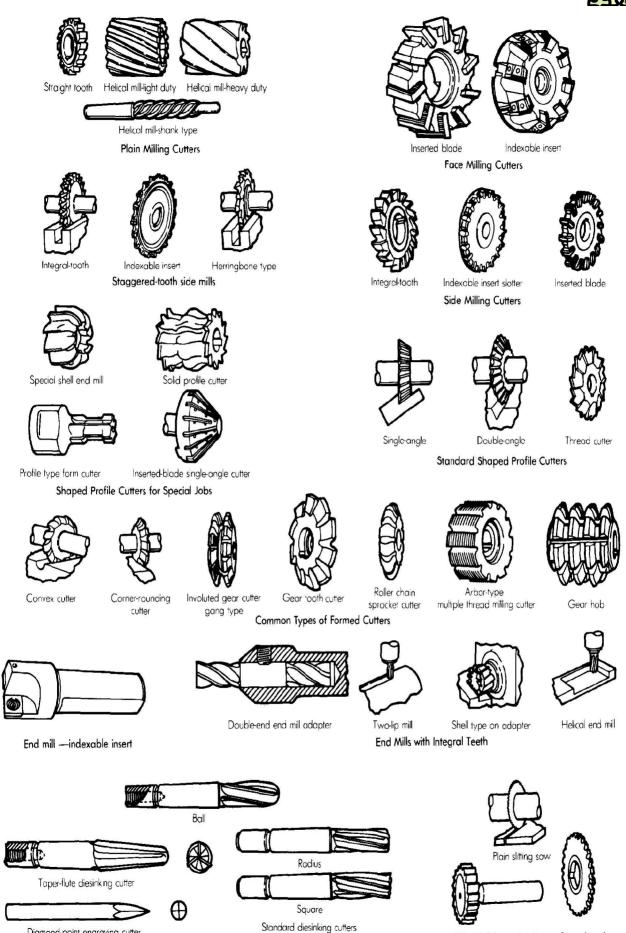
Saddle key



Woodruff key



**Spline joint** 



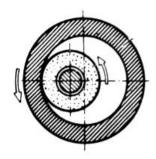
Diesinking and Engraving Cutters

Formed tooth

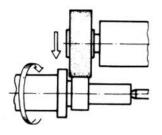
Woodruff keyseat cutter

Diamond-point engraving cutter

## 7.And ...



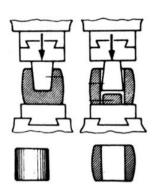
internal grinding



Plunge grinding



Segmental grinding wheel

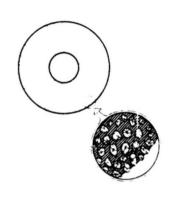


**Piercing** 

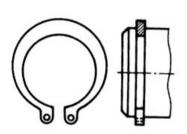




Stock lay-out



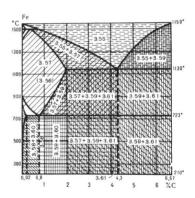
**Abrasive** 



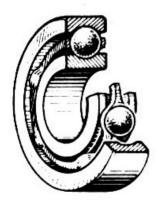
**Retaining ring** 



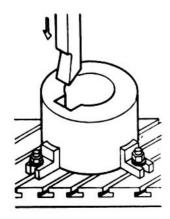
**Rotary file** 



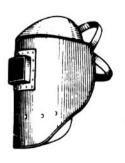
Iron-carbon diagram



**Ball bearing** 



**Slotting** 

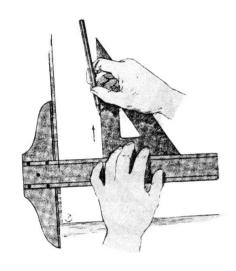


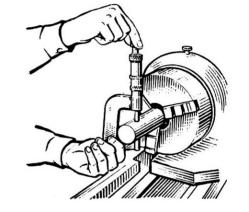
Helmet

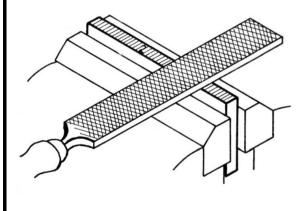
First & last name: Date:

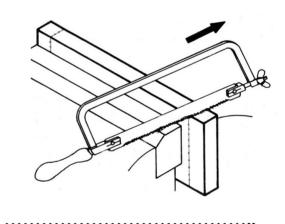
Match the figures with their names.

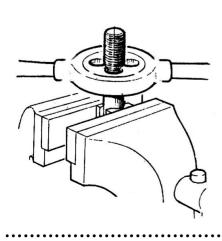
Filing-grinding-milling-turning-welding-sawing-tapping-drawing-hobbing-honning-measuring-drilling-shaping-broaching-boring-planing-reaming-lapping -Die threading

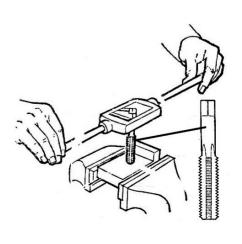




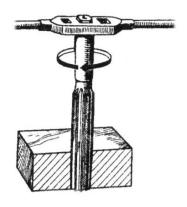


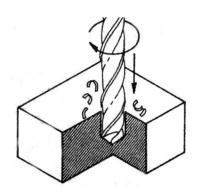


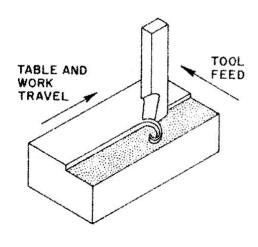


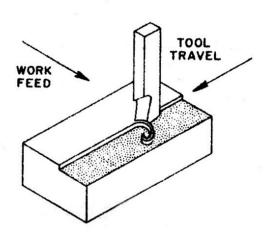


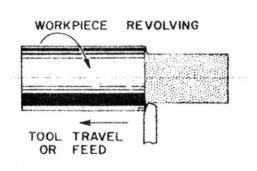
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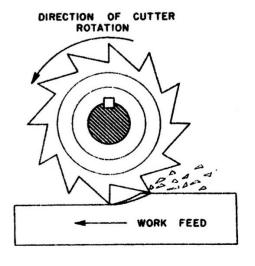




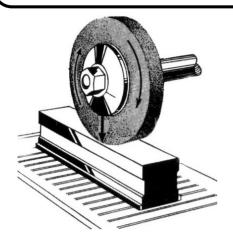


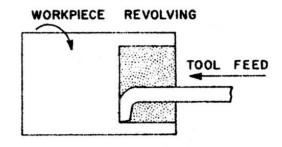


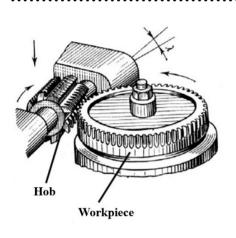


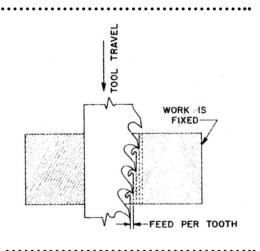


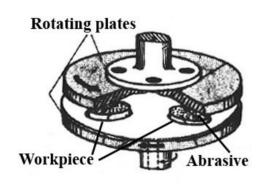
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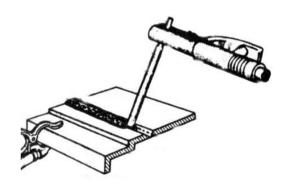


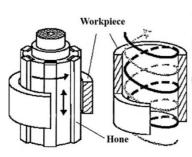


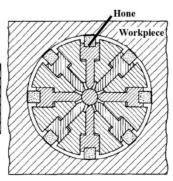




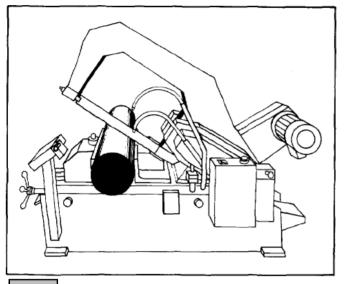




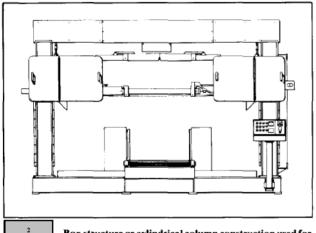




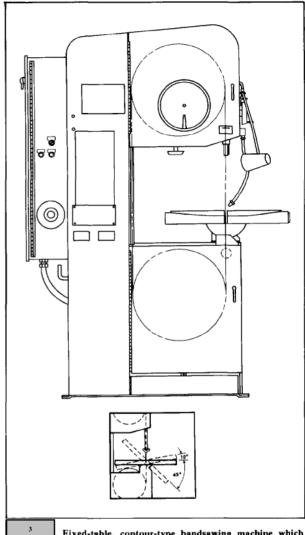
### Vocabulary 2 Machine tools



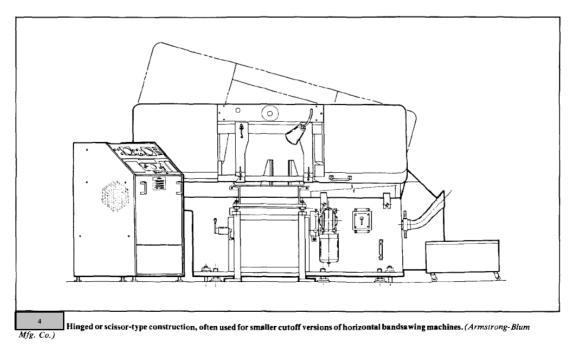
Hinge or scissor-type horizontal hacksawing machine with arc-shaped, push-stroke cutting. (Kasto-Racine, Inc.)



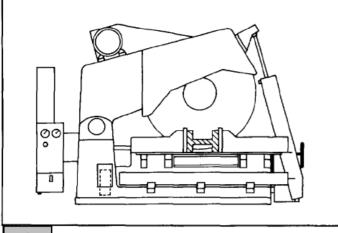
Box structure or cylindrical column construction used for some larger horizontal bandsawing machines. (DoALL Co.)



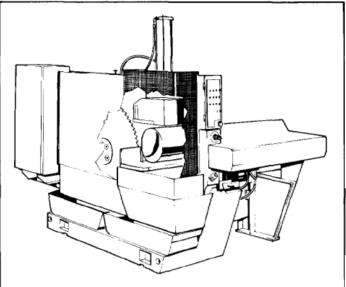
Fixed-table, contour-type bandsawing machine which usually has a table that can be tilted above and below horizontal. (DoALL Co.)



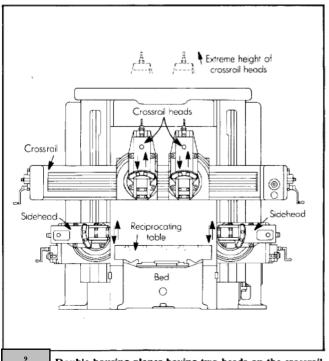
آموزشکده فنی شهید بهشتی کرج



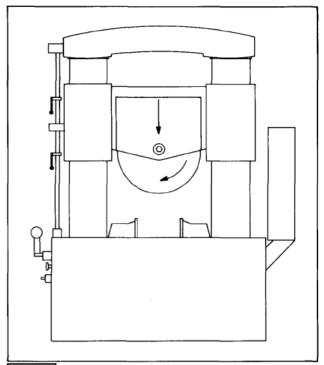
Vertical pivot-arm circular sawing machine used extensively for cutting structural shapes. (Kaltenbach, Inc.)



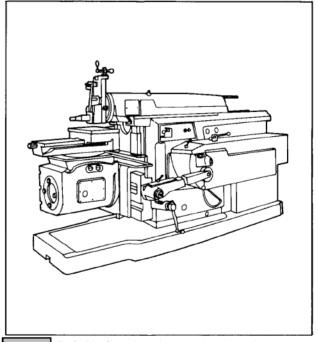
Horizontal-travel circular sawing machine on which the rotating blade is pushed into the work from the side. (Wagner/Klingehofer Corp.)



Double-housing planer having two heads on the crossrail and one sidehead on each housing.

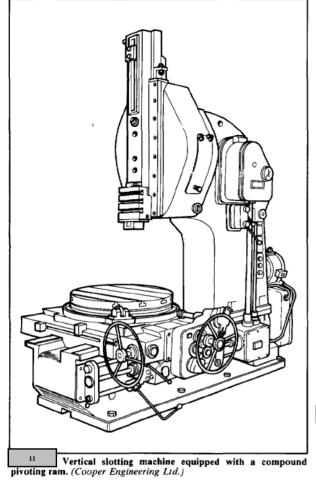


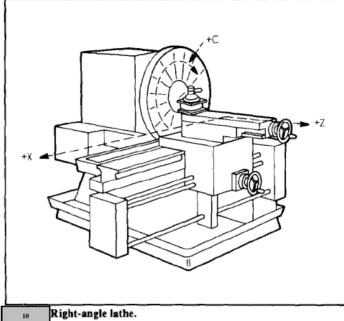
Vertical-column circular sawing machine on which the rotating blade moves down in a straight line.

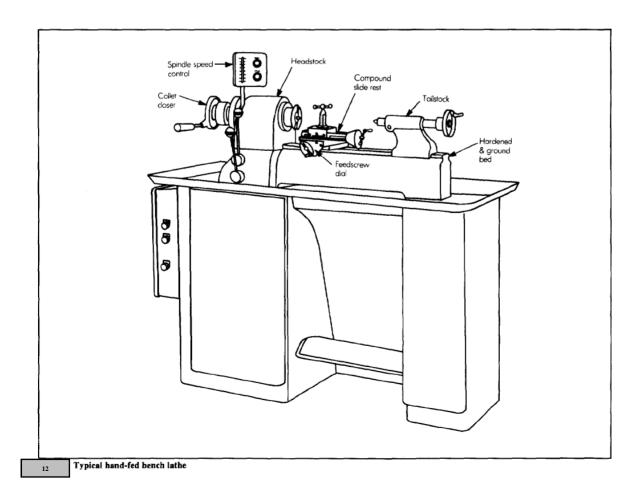


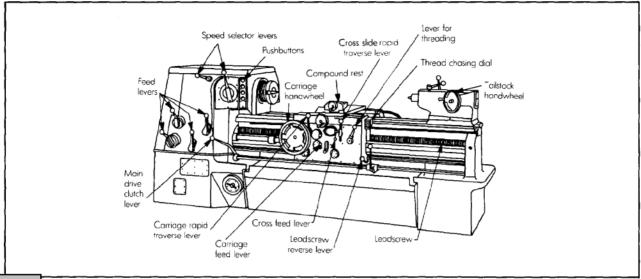
Typical horizontal crank-operated push-cut shaper.



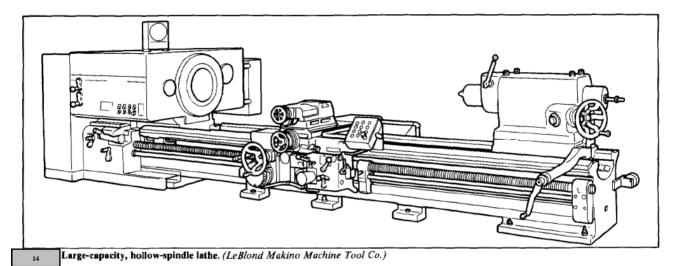


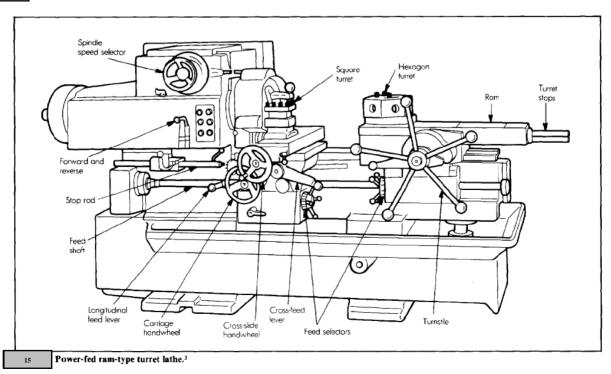




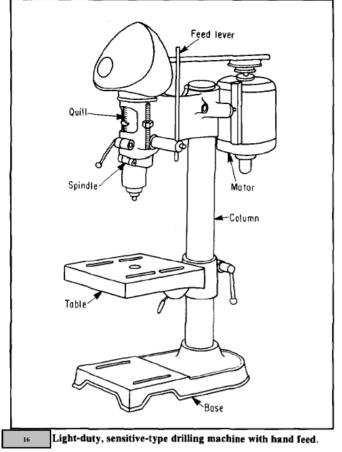


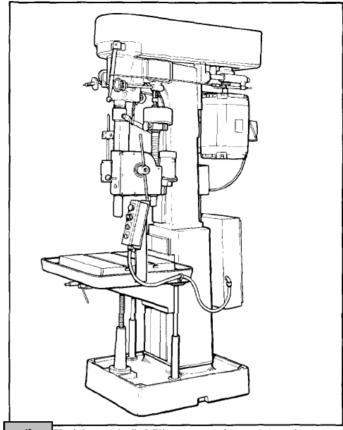
Center-type engine lathe.



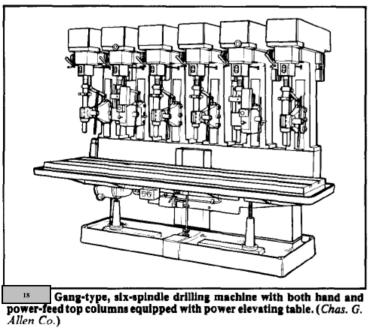








Upright (vertical) drilling and tapping machine with power feed and power traverse. (Chas. G. Allen Co.)



Spindle

Turret

Feed handle

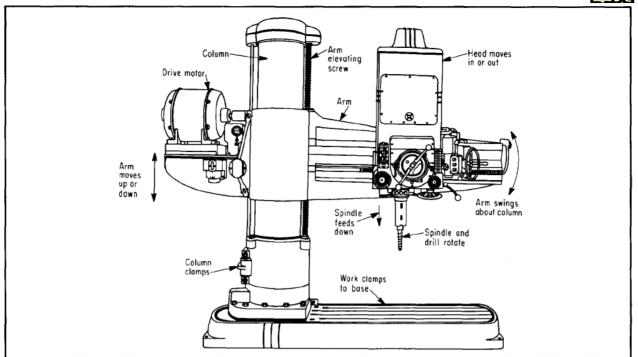
Columns

Base

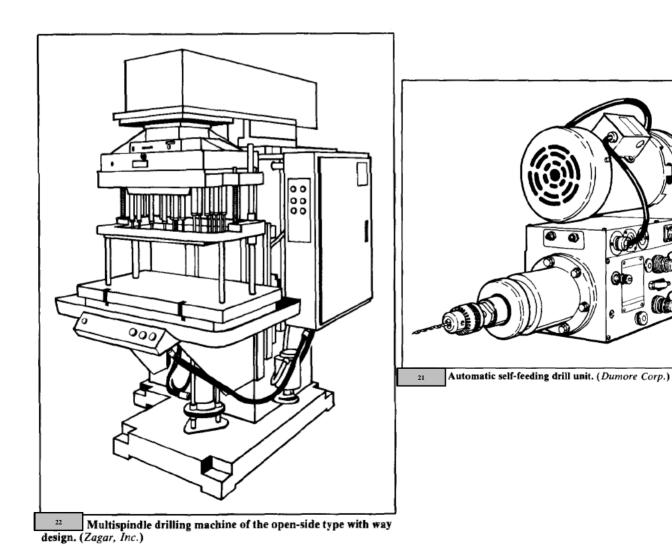
19

Manually fed, bench-type turret drilling machine of tubular column construction. (Burgmaster Div., Houdaille Industries)

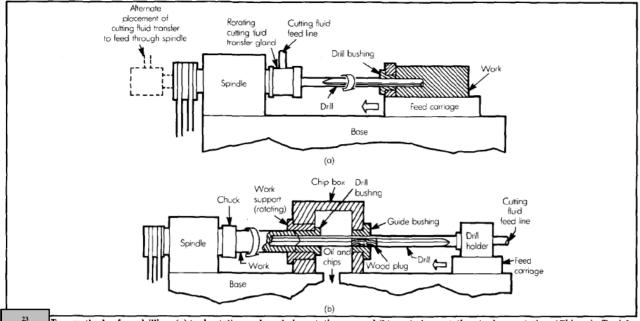




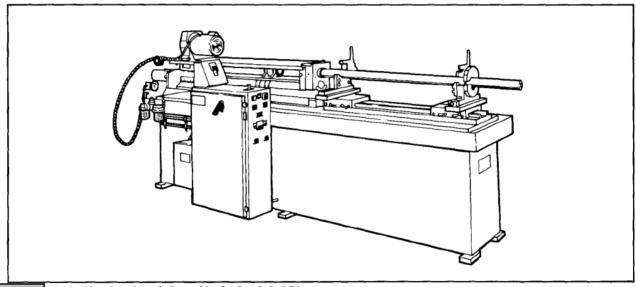
Radial drilling machine. Arm which carries adjustable-position drillhead can be raised, lowered, and pivoted around column.



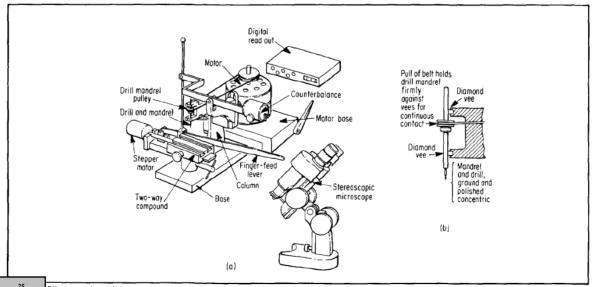




Two methods of gundrilling: (a) tool rotating and workpiece stationary; and (b) workpiece rotating, tool nonrotating. (Eldorado Tool & Mfg. Corp.)

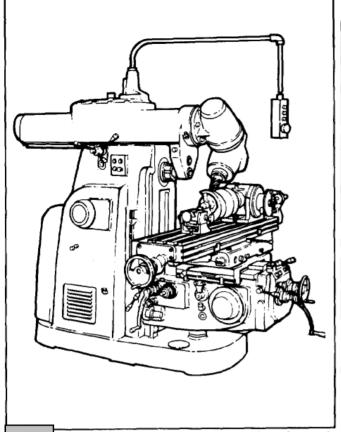


Fixed-table, advancing-spindle machine for deep-hole drilling.



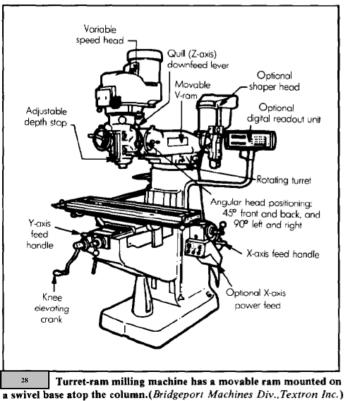
Ultrasensitive drilling machine for producing small holes can be used with digital readout and microscope. Tool breakage is minimized by mounting shown in view at right.

24

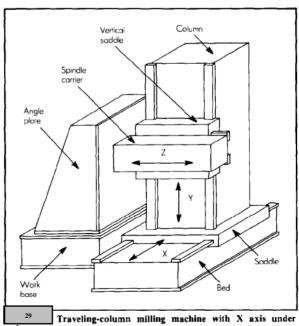


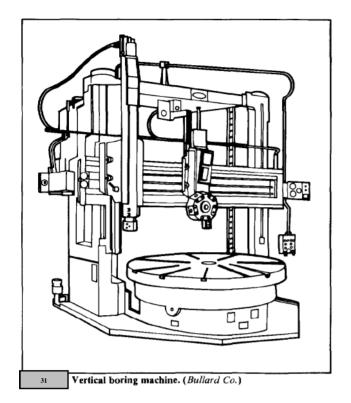
1 Universal milling machine has horizontal and vertical spindles, and a tilt table. (Maho Machine Tool Corp.)

On ram-type or ram-head milling machines, the ram is movable by hand or power in a direction parallel to the saddle movement.









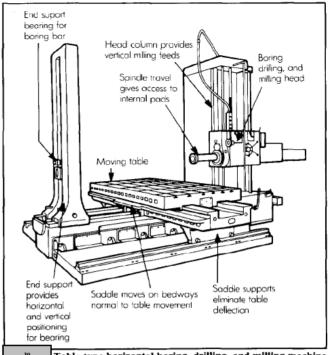
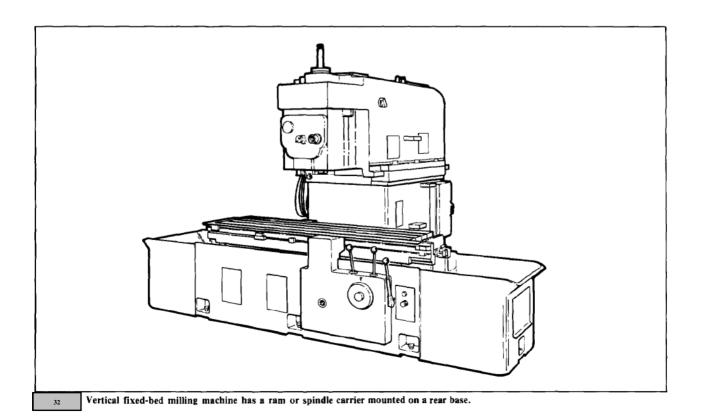
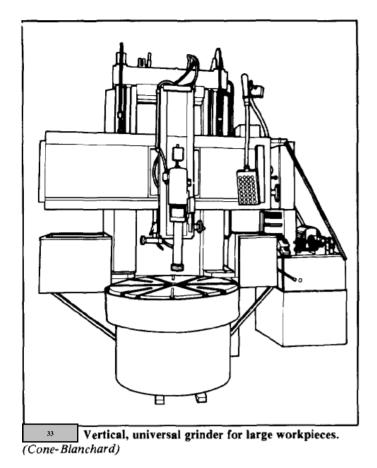
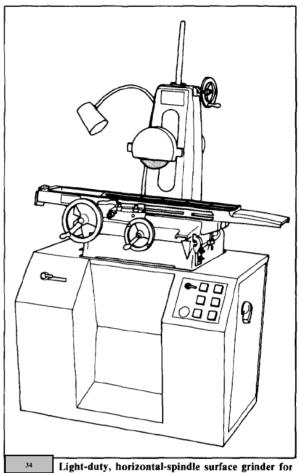


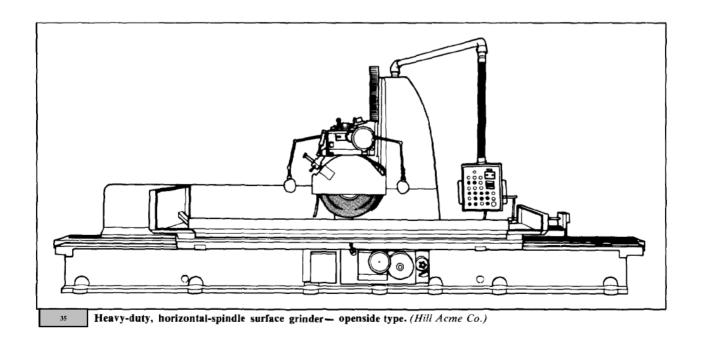
Table-type horizontal boring, drilling, and milling machine with end support for line boring operations.





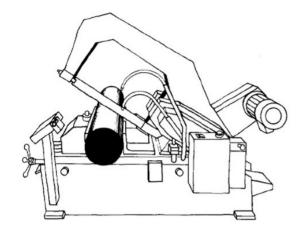


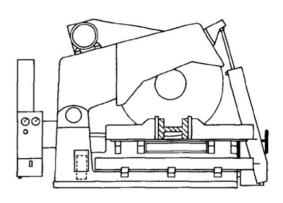
Light-duty, horizontal-spindle surface grinder for the shop and tool room. (Bridgeport/ Harig)

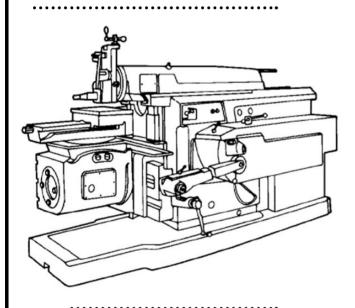


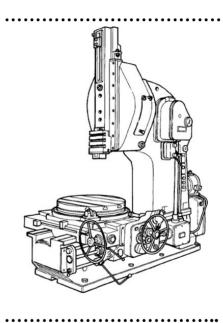
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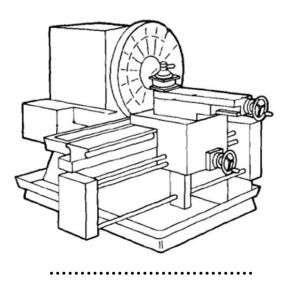
#### What is the name of machine tool?

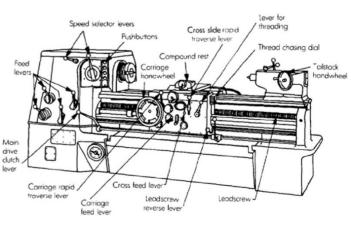






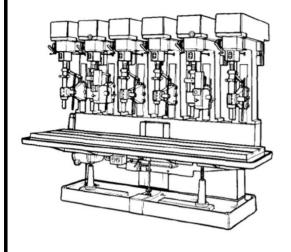


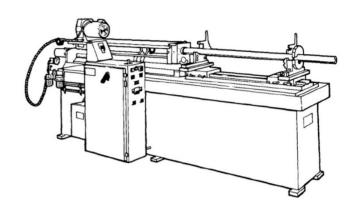


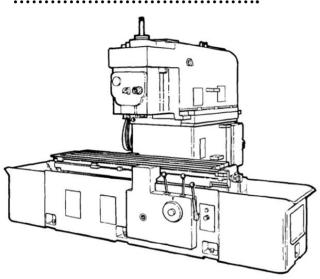


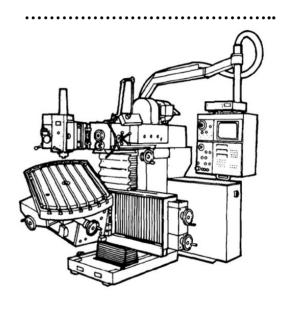
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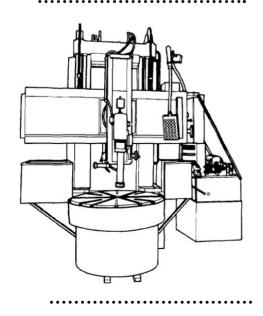
#### What is the name of machine tool?

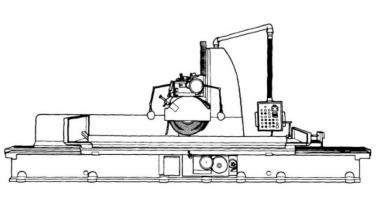












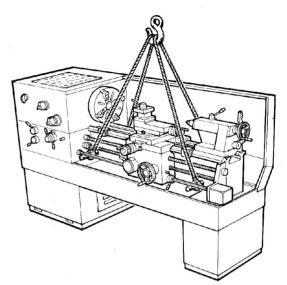
#### Lesson 1

### **Operator's manuals**

#### 1-Turning machine -Nardini MS-350, MS410

<u>Lifting</u>: To raise the lathe, displace the transversal carriage and the tailstock as

far as the right extremity of the feed and fix them, avoiding that they could slide, causing any damage in other parts of the lathe. Put two steel bars of 30 mm diameter into the holes of the bed. Protect with wood blocks the parts where the cables will exert great effort. Avoid any effort of the cables over the rods, spindle and the transversal

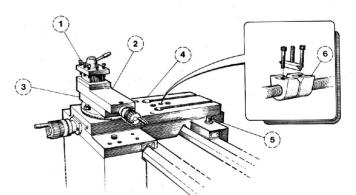


carriage. When the lifting is beginning and the cables are tight, look if the wood blocks and the balance are correct.

<u>Cleanliness</u>: The lathe went out of the factory protected with grease and preservatives which have to take off, for what we can use a soft cloth moistens with benzine. Don't use thinner, gasoline or other kind of remover. Give especial attention to the cleanliness of the carriages and lubricate them.

<u>Table</u>: This assemblage is composed by a turret (1) a longitudinal carriage (2), a rotating base (3) and a transversal carriage (4). It was projected to offer an easy

handle, being soft and precise in its motion. To great precision of reading on the transversal carriage dial, the spindle screw has a system which eliminates the looseness. Always when turning the tapers,

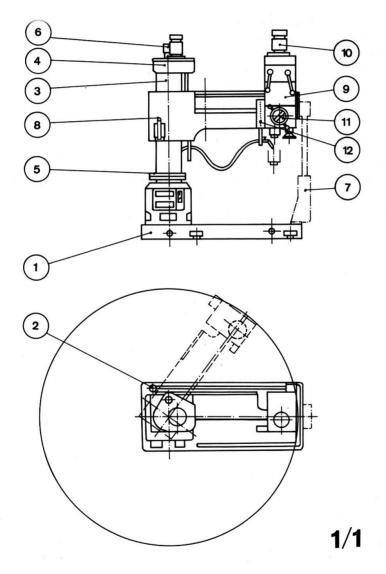


put the table on correct position, adjusting the screw (5). Give special attention to the lubrication which is manually.



# 2-Drilling Machine Radial drilling machine BR50

Illustration of machine: 1.Base 2.Coolant device 3.Double-shell column 4.Radial arm drive with power supply (covered) 5.Column clamping attachment 6.Clamp drive 7.Support column (accesory) 8.Radial arm 9.Drill head 10.Drill spindle drive 11.Drill spindle adjusting head 12.Control panel



<u>Description of machine</u>: The base provided with 3 T-slots is designed for holding the work or fixtures. On to the base the internal column is screwed which carries the outer shell on two bearings rotating free from backlash. Outer shell and drill head are both clamped by one electric clamp drive which is mounted on the radial arm drive and is operated by the centralized control panel.



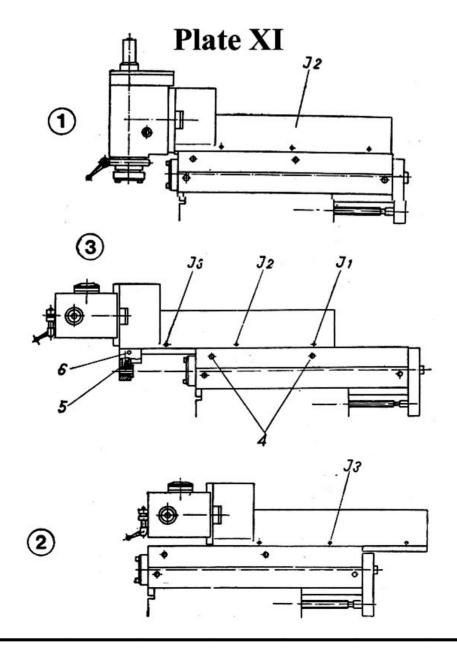
#### Specifications

Vanilation of the second		FO "	(0."
Vorking range		50 Hz	60 Hz
Orilling capacity			
Max. drilling motor output	kW	4	4.8
Max. drilling diameter in St 60-2	mm	50	
ex. drilling diameter in GGL-20	mm	6;	3
Papping			
metrical thread in St 60-2	mm	mm M52x1.5	
metrical thread in GGL-20	mm	M65:	<b>1.</b> 5
Sweep of drilling spindle	mm	320	1600
Distance of drill spindle to base plate	mm	460	1400
Swivel radius of drill spindle	mm	490	1770
Swivel range of radial arm	degree	8 ;	360
Clamping area of base			
length	mm	1	335
width	mm	1	000
I-slots TGL 3045 (ISO 299-1971)			
number			3
width	mm	2	2 H7
distance	mm	2	50
Orill spindle			
Tool taper A TGL 0-228	Morse	К	5
(ISO 296-1974)		-	•
Max. stroke	mm	3	60
Max. torque	Nm	<b>≈</b> 10	000
ax. feed force		<b>≈</b> 1	4000
Speeds			
Speed range	rpm	1400	1700
Peeds		101 101	
Feed range	mm/rev.	0.04	1.6
Drive motor Total output (connected load)	kW	5	6
Drill motor power	kW	4	4.8
		1430	1720
Drill motor speed Space required for machine	rpm	17 70	1120
No. 1 to 10	mm	250	0
length	mm		
width		1000 3080	
height	mm	500	
Net weight with electrical equipment	kg	400	0



# 3-Milling machine Universal milling machine FUS-22

<u>Utilization of the vertical cutter (Plate XI)</u>: The vertical milling cutter is fitted to the counterarm of the horizontal slide. To have the main vertical shaft connected to the main linkage of the machine, it is necessary to bring the counterarm in working position, that is opposite the middle indicator  $(J_2)$  (Plate XI-1). In case operations with the horizontal shaft are performed, the vertical milling head is to rotated clockwise to 90?, and the counterarm retired in the rear position  $(J_3)$  on plate XI-2. It is possible to rotate the head after the four nuts are turned back by means of a 10 mm hexagon spanner.



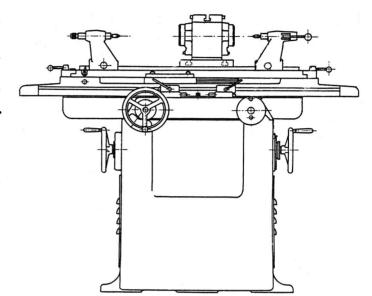


# 4-Grinding machine Universal cutting and tool grinding machine SWU250I

#### **Operating Instructions**

**Principle Instructions for Tool Grinding:** In metal-cutting operations

not too many cuts should be taken so that the cutters will not be softened. Anv contact pressure should be avoided. If tool shows anv breakage or truncated teeth the latter have then to be often machined bv through-feed grinding. All teeth have to be



ground uniformly so that the tool will retain its round shape and the individual teeth should neither project nor back off.

Instructions for Grinding Carbide-tipped Tools: Generally only carbide metal is ground by means of silicon carbide plates. For grinding purposes of shank material corundum wheels are applied. The clearance angle on the shank is ground for about 2° to 4° more than on the cutting edge. For pre-grinding purposes of the plates grinding wheels having a mean abrasive grit size should be used. Rough grinding on fine wheels requires too much time. For the purpose of finish grinding either a silicon carbide wheel having finest abrasive grit size or a diamond wheel should be applied.

#### Reference Values on the Peripheral Speed of Grinding Wheels

Material of the tool	Wheel of	Peripheral speed m/s		
steel	special fused alumina	20 to 25 (max. 30)		
Carbide metal	silicon carbide diamond	6 to 15 18 to 22		



ترجمه بخشی از درس یک (کتاب راهنمای ماشین تراش ناردینی MS-350, MS410) بلند کردن

To raise the lathe, displace the transversal carriage and the tailstock as far as the right extremity of the feed and fix them, avoiding that they could slide, causing any damage in other parts of the lathe.

بلند کردن -تراش -جابجا کردن -متقاطع -حماله (سوپرت) -و -دستگاه مرغک -تا حدی(as far as) - راست -انتها -پیشروی -و -محکم کردن -آنها -جلوگیری -که -آنها -توانستن -لغزش کردن -موجب -هـر - خسارت -به -دیگر -بخشهای -تراش

برای بلند کردن تراش، سوپرت و مرغک را به منتهی الیه سمت راست ببرید و آنها را در جای خود محکم کنید تا از لغزیدن آنها جلوگیری گردد و به دیگر قسمتهای تراش خسارتی وارد نشود.

Put two steel bars of 30mm diameter into the holes of the bed.

قرار دادن -دو -فولادی -میله ها -۳۰ میلی متری -قطر -درون -سوراخهای -پایه دستگاه

دو میله فولادی به قطر ۳۰ میلی متر را درون سوراخهای یایه دستگاه قرار دهید.

Protect with wood blocks the parts where the cables will exert great effort.

محافظت كردن -با -چوب -بلوكها -قطعات -كه -كابلها - اعمال كردن -زياد -تلاش

به کمک بلوکهای چوبی از قطعاتی که طنابها بروی آنها لغزش زیادی دارند حفاظت کنید.

Avoid any effort of the cables over the rods, spindle and the transversal carriage.

خودداری کردن -هر -تقلا -کابلها -بالای -میله ها -محور اصلی -و -متقاطع -حماله

از هر گونه لغزش طنابها در سر تا سر میله ها، محور اصلی و سوپرت جلوگیری نمایید.

When the lifting is beginning and the cables are tight, look if the wood blocks and the balance are correct.

هنگامی که -بالا بردن -شروع می شود -و -طنابها - سفت شده اند (are tight) -نگاه کردن -آیا -چــوب -بلوکها -و -تعادل -هستند -صحیح



وقتی ماشین تراش بالا آمد و طنابها محکم شدند، توجه کنید که موقعیت بلوکهای چوبی درست باشد دستگاه در حالت تعادل قرار گیرد.

Cleanliness

The lathe went out of the factory protected with grease and preservatives which have to take off, for what we can use a soft cloth moistens with benzine.

ماشین تراشی که از کارخانه خارج می گردد جهت محافظت، با گریس و مواد نگاه دارنده پوشانده می شود که بعداً باید با یارچه نرم آغشته به بنزین تمیز شود.

Don't use thinner, gasoline or other kind of remover.

از تینر، گازوئیل یا مواد پاک کننده دیگر استفاده نکنید.

Give especial attention to the cleanliness of the carriages and lubricate them. هنگام نظافت سویرت و روغن کاری آن بسیار دقت کنید.

#### ترجمه نهایی:

بلند کردن: برای بلند کردن تراش، سوپرت و مرغک را به منتهی الیه سمت راست ببرید و آنها را در جای خود محکم کنید تا از لغزیدن آنها جلوگیری گردد و به دیگر قسمتهای تراش خسارتی وارد نشود. دو میله فولادی به قطر ۳۰ میلی متر را درون سوراخهای پایه دستگاه قرار دهید. به کمک بلوکهای چوبی از قطعاتی که طنابها بروی آنها لغزش زیادی دارند حفاظت کنید. از هر گونه لغزش طنابها در سر تا سر میله ها، محور اصلی و سوپرت جلوگیری نمایید. وقتی ماشین تراش بالا آمد و طنابها محکم شد توجه کنید که موقعیت بلوکهای چوبی درست باشد تا دستگاه در حالت تعادل قرار گیرد.

نظافت: ماشین تراشی که از کارخانه خارج می گردد جهت محافظت، با گریس و مواد نگاه دارنده پوشانده می شود که بعداً باید با پارچه نرم آغشته به بنزین تمیز شود. از تینر، گازوئیل یا مواد پاک کننده دیگر استفاده نکنید.

تمرین : متن بالا را با توجه به اصول آیین نگارش زبان پارسی ویرایش نمایید.

#### Shahid Beheshti high training center Homework 1 -1

First & last name:	Date:
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Translate this text step by step.

**Description of machine** 

The base provided with 3 T-slots is designed for holding the work or fixtures. On to the base the internal column is screwed which carries the outer shell on two bearings rotating free from backlash. Outer shell and drill head are both clamped by one electric clamp drive which is mounted on the radial arm drive and is operated by the centralized control panel.